

Basics in Applied Mathematics

Part I: Stochastics — Winter semester 2026/2027

Exercise Sheet 3

Expectation, variance and covariance; geometric, negative binomial, Poisson and multinomial distributions

Hand in: _____ Each exercise is worth 4 points.

Throughout, $q := 1 - p$.

Exercise 1 (4 points)

Waiting times: geometric and negative binomial. Let $X \sim \text{geo}(p)$ be the number of independent $\text{Ber}(p)$ trials up to and including the first success, so $\mathbf{P}(X = k) = q^{k-1}p$ for $k = 1, 2, \dots$

- (a) Using the tail formula $\mathbf{E}[X] = \sum_{x \geq 0} \mathbf{P}(X > x)$ together with $\mathbf{P}(X > x) = q^x$, compute $\mathbf{E}[X]$.
- (b) Using $\mathbf{E}[X(X-1)] = 2 \sum_{x \geq 0} x \mathbf{P}(X > x)$, compute $\mathbf{Var}[X]$.
- (c) Show that X is *memoryless*: for all $k, \ell \in \mathbb{N}$, $\mathbf{P}(X > k + \ell \mid X > \ell) = \mathbf{P}(X > k)$.
- (d) Let $X \sim \text{NB}(r, p)$ be the number of trials up to the r -th success. Writing $X = Y_1 + \dots + Y_r$ with independent $Y_i \sim \text{geo}(p)$, deduce $\mathbf{E}[X] = r/p$ and $\mathbf{Var}[X] = rq/p^2$. Evaluate both for the number of rolls of a fair die until the third six.

Exercise 2 (4 points)

The Poisson distribution.

- (a) For $X \sim \text{Poi}(\lambda)$, compute $\mathbf{E}[X]$ and $\mathbf{Var}[X]$ (both equal to λ).
- (b) Let $X \sim \text{Poi}(\lambda)$ and $Y \sim \text{Poi}(\mu)$ be independent. Show that $X + Y \sim \text{Poi}(\lambda + \mu)$.
- (c) Prove the Poisson limit theorem: if $X_n \sim \text{Bin}(n, p_n)$ with $n p_n \rightarrow \lambda > 0$, then $\mathbf{P}(X_n = k) \rightarrow e^{-\lambda} \lambda^k / k!$ for every k .
- (d) (Balls in bins.) Throw n balls independently and uniformly into n bins, and let Z be the number of empty bins. Using indicator variables and linearity of the expectation, show $\mathbf{E}[Z] = n(1 - \frac{1}{n})^n$, and deduce $\mathbf{E}[Z]/n \rightarrow e^{-1}$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$.

Exercise 3 (4 points)

Covariance, the multinomial distribution and Chebyshev. Let $(X_1, \dots, X_\ell) \sim \text{Mult}(n; p_1, \dots, p_\ell)$ record how n independent trials fall into ℓ categories (category i with probability p_i , $\sum_i p_i = 1$).

- (a) Show that each coordinate satisfies $X_i \sim \text{Bin}(n, p_i)$, and hence $\mathbf{E}[X_i] = np_i$, $\mathbf{Var}[X_i] = np_i(1 - p_i)$.
- (b) For $i \neq j$, show $\mathbf{Cov}[X_i, X_j] = -np_i p_j$ (write $X_i = \sum_{t=1}^n A_t^{(i)}$ with $A_t^{(i)}$ the indicator that trial t falls in category i). Explain the sign.
- (c) Compute the correlation coefficient $\mathbf{Cor}[X_i, X_j]$.
- (d) For $S_n \sim \text{Bin}(n, p)$, use the Chebyshev inequality to bound $\mathbf{P}(|\frac{S_n}{n} - p| \geq \varepsilon)$, and conclude the weak law of large numbers $\mathbf{P}(|\frac{S_n}{n} - p| \geq \varepsilon) \rightarrow 0$ for every $\varepsilon > 0$.

Exercise 4 (4 points)

Random sums and conditional expectation. Let N be a $\mathbb{Z}_+$ -valued random variable with finite mean and variance, and let $X_1, X_2, \dots$ be i.i.d. with mean $\mu := \mathbf{E}[X_1]$ and variance $\sigma^2 := \mathbf{Var}[X_1]$, independent of N . Put $S = \sum_{i=1}^N X_i$ (with $S = 0$ if $N = 0$).

- (a) Using the tower property, show *Wald's identity* $\mathbf{E}[S] = \mathbf{E}[N] \mu$.
- (b) Show $\mathbf{E}[S^2 \mid N] = N\sigma^2 + N^2\mu^2$, and deduce the *law of total variance* $\mathbf{Var}[S] = \mathbf{E}[N] \sigma^2 + \mu^2 \mathbf{Var}[N]$.
- (c) Specialise to $N \sim \text{Poi}(\lambda)$ and show $\mathbf{E}[S] = \lambda\mu$ and $\mathbf{Var}[S] = \lambda \mathbf{E}[X_1^2]$.
- (d) A shop is visited by a $\text{Poi}(\lambda)$ number of customers, each spending an independent amount with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Give the mean and standard deviation of the total revenue, and evaluate them for $\lambda = 20$, $\mu = 15$, $\sigma = 5$.